





# ANNUAL REPORT

2015-2016







# **Delhi Minorities Commission**

(Government of NCT Delhi)



# Annual Report 2015-16



# **Delhi Minorities Commission**

(Government of NCT Delhi) C-Block, 1st Floor, Vikas Bhawan I.P. Estate, New Delhi-110002

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# CHAPTER - 1 INTRODUCTION OF DELHI MINORITIES COMMISSION

Delhi Minority Commission was set up as a statutory body by an enactment called Delhi Minority Commission Act 1999. The Act received the assent of Hon'ble Lt. Governor of Delhi on 07.02.2000.

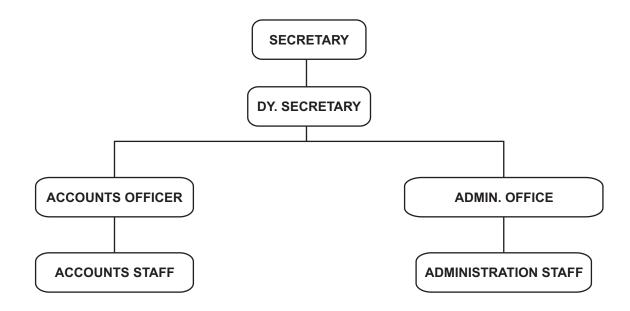
#### a) Constitution of the Commission

The Chairperson and every member of the Commission shall hold office for a period of three years from the date he/she assumes the office. At present following are the Chairman and the Members w.e.f. 4th March, 2014:

1.	Shri Qamar Ahmad	Chairman
2.	Shri Abraham M. Pattiyani	Member
3.	Shri Harivinder Singh Sarna	Member

The Commission consists of a full time Chairperson and two members nominated by the Govt. of Delhi belonging to the Minority Communities.

#### b) Administrative setup of the Commission:





# **CHAIRMAN**



**Qamar Ahmad** is an IPS officer, who retired as a Special Commissioner of Police, Delhi. He served in Delhi Police for 36 years on extremely important and sensitive assignment with recognition. Besides Delhi, he also served in other States and Union Territories viz. U.T. of Laksh Dweep, Goa and Arunanchal Pradesh States. He attended "Command and Control Course" at Police Academy, Wake-Field U.K.

After retirement, he was entrusted with the task of Chief Venue Administrator, Jawahar Lal Nehru Stadium the Common Wealth Games-2010. Later he also joint as Sr. Vice-President in the Jaypee Sport International for planning and implementation of Security & Traffic Plan for first ever Indian Grand Prix-2011.

He is recipient of President's Police Medal for meritorious service and President's Police Medal for distinguish service. He also the member of Board of Trustees India Islamic Centre, New Delhi. He is M.Sc in Physics and L.L.B.

# **MEMBERS**



Harvinder Singh Sarna was born in an affluent business family on 28th November 1949 that migrated from Gujjarkhan, Pakistan after partition of the country. Done Graduation from SGTB Khalsa College, Delhi University. Political participation: Joined Akali Politics in 1976 and since then actively participated in the Sikh Affairs. Secretary General of Shiromoni Akali Dal Delhi. Elected as Member of Delhi Sikh Gurudwara Management Committee in the year 2005. Elected as President of Delhi Sikh Gurudwara Management Committee in the same year 2005 to 2007. Social Work: Trustee, Guru Harkrishan Medical Trust. Former Chairman, S.G.T.B Khalsa college, Delhi University campus. Former Chairman Guru Gobind Singh College of Commerce, Pitam Pura, Delhi University. Vice chairman Guru Nanak Education

Trust under which a degree college, Management Institute and Public Schools have been established at Ludhiana to cater to the quality modern education of younger generation. Total strength of such education institutions is around ten thousand students. **Profession/Occupation**: Partner in the firm, Punjab Stainless Steel Industries, which is engaged in the manufacture and export of stainless steel utensils to Europe, West and Middle East Countries.



Abraham M. Pattiyani was born on 27.12.1963 at Thelliyoor Village, Pathanamthitta District, Kerala as a Christian – Catholic belonging to the Malankara Community. He was born to 'Chempakasseril' Pattiyanickal Late K. A. Mathew & Mrs. Annamma Mathew. He is married to Adv. Manju Pattiyani and they have three children, viz., Mathew, Akshara & Akshita and are permanently residing at 'Pattiyanickal', P 15 B, Jangpura Extn., New Delhi -110014. Abrahham Pattiyani is a law graduate and was a practicing lawyer at Supreme Court of India and various other courts in Delhi. As legal professional he was empanelled in various organizations, societies, trusts, companies, banks and in other NGOs. In the year 2005, he was empanelled as Counsel for the Union of India in Hon'ble Supreme Court of India and subsequently he served as an Amicus Curie since 2011 in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India.

In the year of 2009 he was assigned as a government council for the Govt. of India in the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi. Apart from his professional life in Delhi, he is actively participating in various social, cultural, religious and human rights activities. Abraham M. Pattiyani has travelled all over India and conducted, attended various programs, including seminars, discussions, debates, cultural, social, political and religious events. He also got opportunities to visit various foreign countries including Rome, Italy, France, Germany, Austria, Spain etc. as a delegate of various Indian organizations and groups. He is a known activist for the youth empowerment, human rights and protection of Christian values in all walks of life. He has written several articles in various publications and received awards and certificates of appreciation from various organizations.



# CHAPTER - 2 FUNCTIONS & POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

- 1) The Commission shall perform all or any of the following functions:
  - a) Examine the working of various safeguards provided in the Constitution of India or laws enacted by Parliament and the laws passed by the Legislative Assembly of Delhi for the protection of the Minority Communities, and to make recommendations to ensure their effective implementation;
  - b) Monitor the implementation of the policies and schemes of the Government for the welfare of Minority Communities
  - c) Conduct studies, research and analysis in order to make recommendations to promote the socioeconomic upliftment of the Minority Communities and facilitate their optimum participation in nation-building
  - d) Cause studies to be undertaken into problems arising out of any discrimination against Minority Communities and recommend measures for their solutions;
  - e) Hold seminars, debates and discussions on problems affecting the Minority Communities of Delhi to raise public awareness;
  - f) Assess the representation of Minority Communities in the services of the Government, semi-Government bodies and Govt. Undertakings, Municipal Corporation of Delhi, Delhi Deployment Authority, New Delhi Municipal Council, other local authorities and in case of inadequate representation, to recommend remedial measures;
  - g) Make recommendations for ensuring, maintaining and promoting communal harmony in Delhi.
  - h) Look into specific complaints regarding the deprivation of the rights and safeguards of the Minority Communities and to take up such matters with the appropriate authorities for necessary actions.
  - i) Serve as a Clearing House for information in respect of the Minority Communities in Delhi.
  - j) Deal with any other matter pertaining to the welfare of the Minority Communities which may be referred to it by the Government.
- 2) Annual Report The Commission shall prepare every year an Annual Report giving a true and full account of activities during the year, along with its recommendations, and

- copies there of shall be forwarded to the Government. The Government shall without delay cause the same to be laid before the House of the Legislative Assembly of Delhi along with a report setting out the action taken, or proposed to be taken, on the recommendations and the reasons for non-accepance, if any, of such recommendations.
- 3) Special report The Commission may submit to the Government special report on any matter of public importance pertaining to the interests of the Minority Communities.
- 4) Right to be heard in case of non-acceptance of any recommendations, the Commission shall have the right to be heard by the Minister-in-Charge
- 5) Quasi-judicial Powers The Commission shall have, in carrying out its functions, the powers of a civil court trying a suit and in particular, in respect of the following matters, namely:
  - a) Summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath
  - b) Requiring the discovery and production of any document
  - c) Receiving evidence on affidavits;
  - d) Requisitioning any public or institutional record, or copy thereof, from any office or institution of the Government.

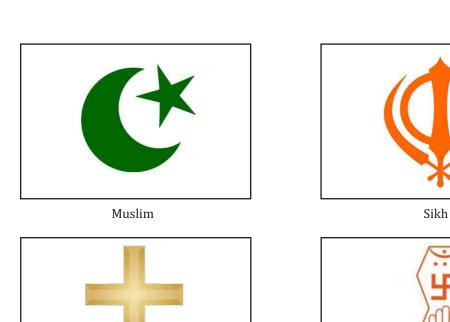


# CHAPTER - 3 NOTIFIED MINORITY COMMUNITIES IN DELHI

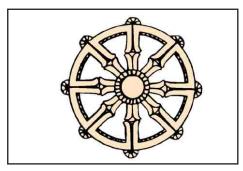
Minority Communities in Delhi are the communities notified as such by the Central Govt. as per provisions of National Commission for Minorities Act 1992.

Following are religion based Minority Communities in Delhi.

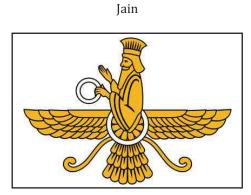
- 1. Muslim 2. Sikh 3. Christian 4. Jain 5. Buddhist
- 6. Parsi



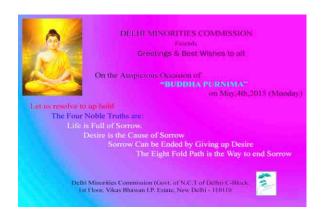
Christian

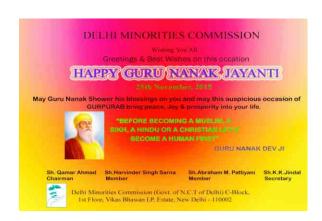


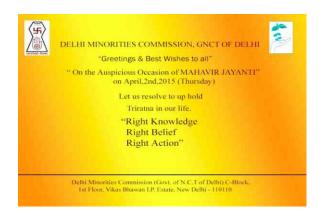
Buddhist



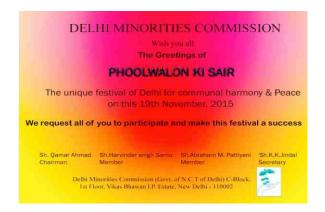
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# CHAPTER - 4 PRIME MINISTER'S NEW 15 POINT PROGRAMME FOR THE WELFARE OF MINORITIES

#### (A) Enhancing opportunities for Education

#### (1) Equitable availability of ICDS Services

The Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS) Scheme is aimed at holistic development of children and pregnant/lactating mothers from disadvantaged sections, by providing services through Anganwadi Centres such as supplementary nutrition, immunization, health check-up, referral services, pre-school and non-formal education. A certain percentage of the ICDS projects and Anganwadi Centres will be located in blocks/villages with a substantial population of minority communities to ensure that the benefits of this scheme are equitably available to such communities also.

#### (2) Improving access to School Education

Under the Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, the Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya Scheme, and other similar Government schemes, it will be ensured that a certain percentage of all such schools are located in villages/localities having a substantial population of minority communities.

#### (3) Greater resources for teaching Urdu

Central assistance will be provided for recruitment and posting of Urdu language teachers in primary and upper primary schools that serve a population in which at least one-fourth belong to that language group.

#### (4) Modernizing Madarsa Education

The Central Plan Scheme of Area Intensive and Madarsa Modernization Programme provides basic educational infrastructure in areas of concentration of educationally backward minorities and resources for the modernization of Madarsa education. Keeping in view the importance of addressing this need, this programme will be substantially strengthened and implemented effectively.

#### (5) Scholarships for meritorious students from minority communities

Schemes for pre-matric and post- matric scholarships for students from minority communities will be formulated and implemented.

#### (6) Improving educational infrastructure through the Maulana Azad Education Foundation

The Government shall provide all possible assistance to Maulana Azad Education Foundation (MAEF) to strengthen and enable it to expand its activities more effectively.

#### (B) Equitable Share in Economic Activities and Employment

#### (7) Self-Employment and Wage Employment for the poor

(a) The Swarnjayanti Gram Swarojgar Yojana (SGSY), the primary selfemployment



programme for rural areas, has the objective of bringing assisted poor rural families above the poverty line by providing them income generating assets through a mix of bank credit and Governmental subsidy. A certain percentage of the physical and financial targets under the SGSY will be earmarked for beneficiaries belonging to the minority communities living below the poverty line in rural areas.

- (b) The Swarn Jayanti Shahari Rojgar Yojana (SJSRY) consists of two major components namely, the Urban Self-Employment Programme (USEP) and the Urban Wage Employment Programme (UWEP). A certain percentage of the physical and financial targets under USEP and UWEP will be earmarked to benefit people below the poverty line from the minority communities.
- (c) The Sampurna Grameen Rozgar Yojana (SGRY) is aimed at providing additional wage employment in rural areas alongside the creation of durable community, social and economic infrastructure. Since the National Rural Employment Guarantee Programme (NREGP) has been launched in 200 districts, and SGRY has been merged with NREGP in these districts, in the remaining districts, a certain percentage of the allocation under SGRY will be earmarked for beneficiaries belonging to the minority communities living below the poverty line till these districts are taken up under NREGP. Simultaneously, a certain percentage of the allocation will be earmarked for the creation of infrastructure in such villages, which have a substantial population of minorities.

#### (8) Upgradation of skills through technical training

A very large proportion of the population of minority communities is engaged in low-level technical work or earns its living as handicraftsmen. Provision of technical training to such people would upgrade their skills and earning capability. Therefore, a certain proportion of all new ITIs will be located in areas predominantly inhabited by minority communities and a proportion of existing ITIs to be upgraded to 'Centres of Excellence' will be selected on the same basis.

#### (9) Enhanced credit support for economic activities

- (a) The National Minorities Development & Finance Corporation (NMDFC) was set up in 1994 with the objective of promoting economic development activities among the minority communities. The Government is committed to strengthen the NMDFC by providing it greater equity support to enable it to fully achieve its objectives.
- (b) Bank credit is essential for creation and sustenance of self-employment initiatives. A target of 40% of net bank credit for priority sector lending has been fixed for domestic banks. The priority sector includes, inter alia, agricultural loans, loans to small-scale industries & small business, loans to retail trade, professional and self-employed persons, education loans, housing loans and micro-credit. It will be ensured that an appropriate percentage of the priority sector lending in all categories is targeted for the minority communities.

#### (10) Recruitment to State and Central Services

(a) In the recruitment of police personnel, State Governments will be advised to give special



consideration to minorities. For this purpose, the composition of selection committees should be representative.

- (b) The Central Government will take similar action in the recruitment of personnel to the Central police forces.
- (c) Large scale employment opportunities are provided by the Railways, nationalized banks and public sector enterprises. In these cases also, the concerned departments will ensure that special consideration is given to recruitment from minority communities.
- (d) An exclusive scheme will be launched for candidates belonging to minority communities to provide coaching in government institutions as well as private coaching institutes with credibility. (C) Improving the conditions of living of minorities

#### (11) Equitable share in rural housing scheme

The Indira Awaas Yojana (IAY) provides financial assistance for shelter to the rural poor living below the poverty line. A certain percentage of the physical and financial targets under IAY will be earmarked for poor beneficiaries from minority communities living in rural

#### (12) Improvement in condition of slums inhabited by minority communities

Under the schemes of Integrated Housing & Slum Development Programme (IHSDP) and Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM), the Central Government provides assistance to States/UTs for development of urban slums through provision of physical amenities and basic services. It would be ensured that the benefits of these programmes flow equitably to members of the minority communities and to cities/slums, predominantly inhabited by minority communities.

#### (D) Prevention & Control of Communal Riots

#### (13) Prevention of communal incidents

In the areas, which have been identified as communally sensitive and riot prone, district and police officials of the highest known efficiency, impartiality and secular record must be posted. In such areas and even elsewhere, the prevention of communal tension should be one of the primary duties of the district magistrate and superintendent of police. Their performances in this regard should be an important factor in determining their promotion prospects.

#### (14) Prosecution for communal offences

Severe action should be taken against all those who incite communal tension or take part in violence. Special court or courts specifically earmarked to try communal offences should be set up so that offenders are brought to book speedily.

#### (15) Rehabilitation of victims of communal riots

Victims of communal riots should be given immediate relief and provided prompt and adequate financial assistance for their rehabilitation.

# CHAPTER - 5 DELHI MINORITIES COMMISSION'S MEETINGS

The Commission meets every Tuesday & Friday and whenever required for hearing & disposal of the petitions & grievances under section 10(h) of the DMC act.

Administrative meetings are held on Wednesday to discuss policy & other issues pertaing to the commission. This Year more than 19 meetings were held.



# CHAPTER - 6 REDRESSAL OF GRIEVANCES OF MINORITY COMMUNITIES

**6.1** Redressal of Grievances of Minority Communities the Section 10(h) of DMC Act 1999 & Rules 2000 provide as under:-

"Look into specific complaints regarding the deprivation of the rights and safeguards of the Minority Communities and to take up such matters with the appropriate authorities for necessary actions."

The Commission receive petitions by following means:

- a) By Post
- b) In Person
- c) Via E-mail
- d) Suo-moto cognizance through newspaper reports/writups.

Redressal of grievances of discrimination of members of minority communities is one of the main functions of the commission. Powers of civil court are available to the Commission to summon a person & records and also to record statement if need be.

Delhi Minorities Commission streamlined the system of handling complaints/petitions received from members of minority communities. Guidelines were prepared for handling of grievance and are outlined below

### 6.2 Petition/Complaint handling policy and procedure

#### **Introduction:**

Section 10(h) of Delhi Minorities commission Act mandates Commission to look into specific complaints regarding deprivation of rights and safeguards of the minority and to take up such matters with the appropriate life authorities for necessary action.

Commission enjoys the Quasi-judicial powers for the purpose of Carrying out its. Functions, viz the power of a civil-court trying a suit and in particulars, in respect of the following matters, namely:

- a) Summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;
- b) Requiring the discovery and production of any document;
- c) Receiving evidence on affidavits;
- d) Requisitioning any public or institutional record of copy thereof, form any office or institution of the Government.



It is therefore, necessary to lay down-detailed guidelines for dealing with these petitions and complaints. These are general guidelines and personal discretion will have to be used by the Commission in dealing with and deciding the difficult and complex cases.

In suppression of earlier order/circular/procedure on the subject, following – procedure is led down for handling of petitions and complaints in the Commission.

#### Objective: -

The purpose of this document is to provide uniform guidelines for receiving the petitions/complaints in the Commission and the procedure to be followed in handling of these petitions/complaints till the matter is disposed off. The purpose of the guidelines is to ensure that complaints are handled promptly, fairly and justly.

#### **Petitions/Complaints:**

- 1. Since this Commission has jurisdiction only in the NCT of Delhi, any person residing in Delhi can approach the Commission with a complaint/petition.
- 2. The Complaint which do not include name, signature and address of the complainant/petitioner will generally not be entertained. However, if it pertains to a larger concerning the community as a whole, Commission can take cognizance and take appropriate action in such petitions/complaints.
- 3. The matters which are already pending before High Court or any other court In Delhi shall not be entertained and enquired into on the subject matter already before court.
- 4. Complaints of property dispute, unauthorized construction etc. shall not be entertained and petitioner will be advised to seek redressal from the concerned deptt.
- 5. If the complaint petitioner to criminal matter and no discrimination on the ground of the minority community is discerned, such complaints will not be entertained.
- 6. Complaints pertaining to administrative matters like proration, transfer etc. will not be entertained unless they make out bias or discrimination on the basis of being a member of minority community.

#### **Procedure:-**

7. Any petition/complaint pertaining to the grievance on account of discrimination/deprivation of rights, interests & safeguards thereof of minority community received by hand in office of Chairman/Member/Secretary/Dy. Secretary



- of. the Commission or by post or by E-mail shall be entered in diary/record by the staff of concerned office mentioning petition no. & year.
- 8. All such petitions/complaints shall be submitted to the Commission, Chairman and/or member after initial scrutiny & preparing a gist by Dy. Secretary of Commission.
- 9. Petitions/Complaints on which no action is required to be taken if so decided by Chairman and/or member, will be returned to Dy. Secretary for closing the matter.
- 10. All other petitions/complaints which require intervention and cognizance has been taken by Commission, as decided by orders of the Chairman/Member of the Commission, same will taken up with the concerned authority of Deptt. Concerned by issuing a notice by Dy. Secretary/Secretary at the appropriate official level the concerned. Deptt (format of notice enclosed). A time limit of 15 days will be given to the concerned authority to submit a report/comment & place matter before Commission on the date fixed for further orders.- However, in case of urgency in the matter, the notice may be sent and served by hand for early action and report.
- 11. If no report/comment is received from Deptt, first reminder will be issued by Dy. Secretary immediately extending a time period of another 15 days to file the report/comment. In case, still no response is received after first reminder, matter shall be put up before Commission for orders. Ordinarily, second reminder notice giving time of 10 days would be issued to concerned officer or senior official of the Deptt. by the Dy.-Secretary.
- 12. If no response/report/comment is received, the matter shall be put up before the Commission for appropriate directions. Commission at its discretion may issue notice to highest official of the Deptt. (HOD) to appear before Commission along with report/comments on specified date

Or,

Commission may use the Quasi -judicial powers contained in Section 10(5) of DMC's Act namely -

- (a) Summoning and enforcing attendance of any person and examining him on oath etc etc.
- $(b) \quad requiring \, the \, discovery \, and \, production \, of \, an \, document;$
- (c) receiving evidence-on affidavits;



- (d) requisitioning any public or institutional record, or copy thereof, from any office or institution of the Government.
- 13. In cases where reports/comments are received, this will be processed on concerned file by Dy. Secretary and shall put up and present directly to the Commission date fixed by the Commission. The Commission after perusal of report/comments may direct sending copy of report/ATR comments received from the Deptt. to the petitioner for a response/rejoinder, if any, on such report/comment.
- 14. If despite notice having been served the petitioner/complaint fails to appear before the Commission, Such petition/complaint can be closed by the Commission. However it can be reopened if the petitioner/complainant approaches The. Commission with justified reasons.
- 15. If the Commission is satisfied after perusa of the petition, reports/comments of the Deptt. concerned and rejoinder if any that no further intervention by the Commission is required or Deptt. has already taken appropriate action. The Commission will close the matter pending before.
- 16. Commission in case of hearing will call the concerned official from the Deptt. and the petitioner for hearing in the matter and to hear each side about petition/complaint. If the concerned official to appear on due date with documents/reports/records.
- 17. Commission will in cases of hearing consider petition, response of concerned deptt/authority, rejoinder if any filed by petitioner, documents/records filed by petitioner & concerned a throaty as well as oral/written submissions of the concerned authority petitioner. Thereafter Commission will pass appropriate order in the matter & send recommendation to Deptt. for action.
- 18. In case the concerned official fails to appear before the Commission or fails to comply with the directions or decision of the Commission appropriate administrative or legal action will be proposed at the level of Secretary as per report/recommendation of the Commission.
- 19. An action taken report be called for from the concerned authorities on the decision of the Commission at its hearing which a time period of one month will be given if not specified in the Decision Notice, followed by reminders at the level of DS/Secretary giving a gap, of 15days for each reminder. If no response is received, the matter will be placed before the Commission for any further orders.
- 20. The members/Dy. Secy. will maintain detailed record of the proceedings of the each date of hearing. In these proceedings, the attendance of the parties will be noted their statement would be described in brief. They may also be required to put signature on



the proceeding sheet. This is necessary for the maintenance of records of the proceedings in the Commission.

These guidelines/procedure are indicative & subject to change as per need & wisdom of Commission

#### 6.3 Petition during 2015-16

During the year 2015-16, the Commission received 109 petition/complaints/news-items regarding problems of the minority communities.

The profile of the petitioners reveals that amongst the minority communities, maximum number of petitions were received from Muslim Minority Community (76), followed by Sikhs (18), Jain (01), Christian (13), Buddhists / Misc (01).

#### **Details of complaints:-**

SL.No.	Year	Complaints received	Heard/Disposed off	Pending
1	2015-16	109	55	54

### Department wise break up of complaints/grivences is as under:-

SL.No.	Department	Muslim	Sikh	Christian	Jain	Mics	Total
1	Police	36	9	9	9	1	56
2	Directorate of Education	10	3	-	-	-	13
3	Directorate of Training and Technical Edu	3	-	-	-	-	3
4	Delhi Development Authority	3	1	-	-	-	4
5	All Municipals Corporation	4	-	-	-	-	4
6	Transport Dept.	1	-	-	-	-	1
7	DSSSb	3	-	-	-	-	3
8	Mics Department	16	5	4	-	-	25
Total	-	76	18	13	1	1	109



#### 6.4 COMPLAINTS/PETITIONS & ACTION TAKEN THEREON:

Some of the petitions received by the Commission and action taken therein for redressal of grievances are mentioned below:

6.4.1 Shri Jameel Ahmad s/o Shri Sayeed Ahmad r/o B-285, JJ Colony Hastsal Road, Uttam Nagar filed a petition before the Minorities Commission, Delhi. In his petition, he stated that he has been running Muskan Restaurant after obtaining trade license from all departments. He exercises strict control and does not allow wrong doing in the restaurant which is generally closed by 11.30 pm.

He alleged that on 29th March 2015 after closing the restaurant he was leaving for his home when suddenly SHO Bhagwan Singh, SI Deepak, ASI, Rajbir Singh and Beat Constable Hari Ram Mishra landed at his restaurant. They forced him to lift the shutter up, vandalized his furniture, utensils and eatables. They abused him, slapped him threatened him and when his son came to rescue, they were also manhandled. My beard was pulled and was thrown on the floor. At 3.15 a.m., he and his both sons were arrested under section 107/151 Cr. PC. They were produced before SEM Court and sent to Tihar Jail. Later, they were released on bail. All these Policeman assaulted him and his sons very badly with first blows. Prior to this, Constable Ram Mishra had demanded monthly from him and on refusal, he warned him to face the consequences. He threatened to make him "Laden" and relegate him a bad character.

The commission took cognizance on this petition and sent notice to Joint CP (Southern Range) for filing their reply/response with supporting documents.

On 29/02/2016, a report was received from Addl. DCP (West District) justifying the police action.

Since the report from Addl. DCP was very casual, the petitioner/applicant and DCP (West) were called for hearing before Commission. On the date of hearing, the petitioner broke down before police officers and narrated undue harassment and repeated false arrest of him and his family members to close down his business of running the restaurant. He further submitted following documents:

- 1. Copy of Kalandra u/s107/151 Cr. PC dated 29/03/2015
- $2. \quad Copy \, of \, Kalandra \, u/s 107/151 \, Cr. \, PC \, dated \, 29/09/2015$
- 3. Copy of Kalandra u/s107/151 Cr. PC dated 29/10/2015
- 4. Photocopy of certification of registration of Eating House issued to petitioner by Joint CP (Licensing) dated 09/09/2014



- 5. Copy of Trade License issued by MCD dated 06/11/2013
- 6. Photocopy of the replies by the Police on a complaint filed under section 156-3 Cr. PC before learned MM, Tis Hazari.

Further proceeding were held wherein the petitioner was also present and Addl. DCP (West), ACP (Vikas Puri) and SHO (Uttam Nagar) attended proceedings. After hearing, Addl. DCP (West) was advised to furnish a detailed report on all points including repeated arrests on trivial grounds. On 12/04/2016, a detailed report was filed but reasons for arrests, were not elaborated except routine explanation.

The Commission, after going through documents provided by the petitioner and also the police reports, prima facie concluded that repeated arrests of the petitioner are of discriminatory nature and smack of prejudice and high-handedness of local police against the petitioner. The Commission finally sent recommendation to the Commissioner of Police, Delhi as under

#### **Recommendations:-**

- i) In view of above, the Commission recommends that petitioner Jameel Ahmad and his sons be called by the higher authorities of the Department and make all possible efforts to make them feel safe and give assurance that they would not be harassed on trivial grounds.' He should be allowed to run his business in terms of trade and conditions of license, if he the wishes to within the framework of law.
- ii) Departmental/disciplinary action be taken against identified erring police officials who exceeded legal powers and arrested the petitioner and his sons repeatedly u/s 107 Cr. PC on trivial grounds without taking any of the proceedings to the logical end which shows the purpose was only to humiliate and harass the petitioners which is against the constitutional right to life and liberty and right to practice any occupation.
- 6.4.2 On 01/06/2015, Shri Afzal Hussain r/o House No. 80/81. Block No. 15, Trilok Puri, Delhi filed a petitions in person before the Commission seeking help regarding rehabilitation of the people being dislodged in Block No. 15, Trilok Puri by DMRC. There are 108 houses accommodating 400 families, mostly belonging to minority (Muslim) who are affected by construction of metro line. The alignment of the Phase-III prepared by the DMRC passes through the mid of the block 15 while the alignment could have easily passed through the corner of Block No. 15 and thus effecting 5/10 houses. The affected residents of Block No. 15 have been assured time-and-again that these 108 houses shall be rehabilitated on the



land belonging to DUSIB lying vacant apposite Block Nos 15, 16, 17, and 18 but they have not yet been rehabilitated for the last three years.

On this petition, the Commission intervened and issued notices to MD, DMRC and CEO, DUSIB for response/reply.

DMRC filed a detailed affidavit stating therein that alignment of Metro line "7", Phase-III is passing through Block No. 15 Trilok Puri wherein 108 plots are affected due to technical reason and alignment cannot be shifted or diverted. DMRC acquired an area of 11138 sq. mtr. from DUSIB in front of block nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18 for rehabilitation of the affected people and work also started partially. However, due to resistance of local residents, the work could not be continuined. Hon'ble Member of Parliament desired to take up the rehabilitation work at some other area. He also addressed the letter to MD, DMRC in this regard. Later, the DUSIB was instructed to search for another land at another location in North East for rehabilitation of these people. DMRC has no objection for the rehabilitation of these people at chosen location. Despite efforts and help of Delhi Police, the work at the acquired plot at Trilok Puri could not be started.

DUSIB also submitted its status report in respect of 11138 sq.mtr. land in front of Block No.15,16,17&18 at Trilok Puri transferred to DMRC for implementation of their project Phase-III for rehabilitation of the people affected by the project. The possession of these lands pockets have already been handed over to DMRC. DUSIB had no further role to play and DMRC has to provide alternative plots with super structure over there. These responses were sent to Petitioners for rejoinder, if any.

Thereafter, the Petitioner & other filed a Writ Petition in the High Court of Delhi. Since the matter became sub-judice, further proceedings were not pursued by the Commission. However, Chief Project Manager was requested to apprise the latest status regarding relocation of these affected people of Block No. 15, Trilok Puri. The Project Manager informed that Hon'ble Delhi High court vide its order dated 25/02/2016 directed DMRC to commence the construction and police has also been directed to render full cooperation, assistance and protection to officials of DMRC. DMRC informed that their construction activities to start main work at the said three plots, have started. On this, the matter has been closed by the Commission.

**6.4.3** Shri P.S. Virk, AE (Mechanical) Delhi submitted petitions to Commission with request to take suitable action to save him from undue harassment; extreme physical and mental and psychological torture from Shri S.K. Sharma, EE due to religious discrimination towards him as he belongs to Sikh minority-community.



The Commission took notice of these petitions and issued a notice to Secretary, Flood & Control Department, GNCTD for filing a status report. Since no report was filed by the Secretary, F&C, a notice for appearance was issued. In response to the said notice Shri M.K.Gupta, Dy. Director (Hqr.) appeared before the Commission and filed a reply that I&F'S had ordered to conduct a preliminary inquiry in this matter and inquiry report is awaited. Shri P.S.Virk present in the meeting also endorsed the same.

On 03/05/2016, Shri V.K.Jain, Chief Engineer, I&FC appeared and apprised the Commission that inquiry report was still awaited. Finally, Chief Engineer, I&FC forwarded the preliminary inquiry report on the complaint of Shri P.S.Virk for consideration.

From the perusal of the inquiry report, prima facie it was proved that the conduct and behavior of Shri S.K.Sharma towards Shri P.S.Virk was biased. However Shri S.K.Sharma, submitted an apology letter before EO and regretted for hurting Shri Virk, if any, in any manner. Shri P.S.Virk also submitted before the Department that the matter should be stopped and no further action is required in this . Hence, inquiry was dropped at this stage by the Department.

Intervention by the Commission redressed the grievance of the aggrieved Shri P.S. Virk

6.4.4 Shri Barijinder Pal Singh Brar, Superintending Engineer, Punjab Governement, Department of Punjab Irrigation sent a representation to the Delhi Minorities Commission stating herein that he applied for the post of Chief Engineer, Irrigation & Flood Control Department, GNCTD. His case was strongly recommended by the Punjab Government and all documents viz. ACRs, Intergrity Certificate, Vigilance Clearance, details of punishment etc. were sent to the Principal Secretary I&FC, GNCTD. In response to his application, he was interviewed in the Office of the UPSC, Delhi who recommended his name for the post of Chief Engineer, Irrigation & Flood Control Deptt., GNCTD by transfer on deputation basis on 09/03/2015. He further stated that despite completion of formalities, the I&FC, GNCTD has not issued him an appointment letter discriminately after the lapse of one-and –a-half year as he applied for the said post in 2013. He further stated that he belonged to a Sikh community and requested the Commission to ensure the safe-guard of the minority community and take action in the matter.

The Commission intervened in the matter and issued notice to the Principal Secretary, I&FC, GNCTD for filing a reply. No reply was received from the Department concerned. Hence, a notice was issued to the Principal Secretary, I&FC, GNCTD for appearance before the Commission along with necessary file, documents, etc.



Deputy Director (Hq.), I&FC, GNCTD informed that letter regarding appointment of Shri Brar as Chief Engineer in the Department of I&FC, GNCTD on deputation basis has already been issued and the copy of the same has been sent to the Petitioner and requested for the closure of issue before the Commission. Later Shri Brar also confirmed through a letter that he has received the letter and that matter has been resolved to the satisfaction.

**6.4.5** Mohd. Akhtar r/o Jhuggi No.171, Pandit Ram Prasad Bismil Camp, Shashi Garden, Delhi filed a petition before the Commission stating that his son Rahul Khan has been mistreated and assaulted for the reason that his son belonged to muslim community. He stated that his son was a student of 9th Class and the new principal of the School was torturing him for being a muslim. On 11/11/2015 his son was abused and assaulted by the Principal who used derogatory and community based remarks against his son. The Principal also threatened to get him involved in a false case so that he could not complete his education.

The Commission intervened in the matter and issued a notice to DCP (East) for a status report in this matter. ACP (Madhu Vihar) filed an inquiry report duly conducted by a police officer on the complaint of Md Akhtar. The investigating officer inquired into in detail and recorded statements of Shri Nishant Singh, Class Teacher, Shri Zakir Raza, IT Assistant of the School, Shri D.P. Singh, School Principal, Shri Sushil Kumar, PET of the School and Shri Jitender Kumar, TGT of the School. His father was also called to the police station where Rahul Khan, the son of petitioner, apologized to the School Principal for his misbehavior and threats extended to him.

From the inquiry, it was clear that Rahul Khan misbehaved, assaulted and abused teachers' and Principal. He also broke the wind screen of the car of the Principal. Since the Petitioner's son was rusticated from the school for his indiscipline, Md. Akhtar misrepresented the facts to Minority Commission. Allegations of discrimination or use of religious discriminatory treatment were not proved & matter was closed.



# CHAPTER - 7 REDRESSAL OF GRIEVANCES - WITH COMMUNAL OVERTONE

As per Section 10(g) of DMC Act 1999 & Rule 2000 the Commission is mandated to "Make recommendations for ensuring, maintaining and promoting communal harmony in Delhi."

The Commission in year 2015-16 intervened in matter/issues having communal overtake which have adverse bearing on communal harmony in Delhi. Details of some such incidents are mentioned below:-

7.1 The Commission took suo-moto cognizance on the News report that appeared in Inquilab on 1-8-15 regarding an incident in Khajuri area where R.S.S. workers on the 'pretext of Cows slaughtering created law & Order situation at Red Light of khajoori. They misbehaved and man handled nearby muslims shopkeepers causing injuries. Even in the presence police, they continue to indulge in vandalism and burnt the motor-cycle. There was a rumor that a truck loaded with animal skin was detained in the area. R.S.S. workers on the pretext of cows sloutering indulged in massive rioting at the crossing targeting Muslim people around.

Telephonic contact was established with DCP (North-East) and a notice was sent to DCP, North-East Distt. for report on action taken. On this, a report dated 26-8-15 from Addl. DCP (North-East Distt.) was received in the Commission which stated that on 31-7-15 Shiv Kumar informed that last night about 2.30 a.m., he saw a TATA vehicle bearing No.HR-38N-6690 standing and two persons were loading crust of animals in the vehicle. He informed police who came to spot and vehicle was taken to PS Khajuri Khas. Later a case vide FIR No.808/3.5- U/s 429/295A IPC & 4/8/13 Delhi Cattle Preservation Act & 11 Prevention of cruelty to animal Act was registered at PS Khajuri Khas. During investigation two persons were arrested in the said case.

After sometime police station khajuri khas got information regarding Motor Cycle being put on fire by mob. Police officers reached the spot and found a mob of approx 50-60 people indulging in law and order at Khajuri Chowk. There was pelting and beating passers by. The crowd set two motor cycles on fire. On this, a case vide FIR No.812/15 U/s 147/148/149/186/353/332 IPC was registered at PS Khajuri Khas.

The Commission was not satisfied with the report & action taken. Further observation was communicated to the Police asking for a detailed report on this Addl. C.P. (North-East) submitted another report on 23-10-15.



The Commission intervened effectively to ensure that communal incident does not flare-up and is contained. The Police should ensure the protection of minority communities. DCP (North-East) was also summoned to apprise the action taken in the investigation in 2 criminal cases registered. On behalf of DCP(East), ACP Sh. Narender Singh alongwith investigating officer attended the proceeding. They apprised that the situation was peaceful and they are making efforts to identify and arrest the accused person.

Again ACP Sh. Narender Kumar appeared before the Commission and apprised that investigation is in progress. Thereafter Addl. DCP (North-East) submitted a report in April-2016 that no clue about the accused person was found. Since the situation is peaceful and the Police is active, the matter was closed.

7.2 On behalf of residents of JD Block near Noorani Masjid, Prem Nagar-2, Kirari, petition was received informing therein that on 29th November, 2015, Jaibeer @ Fauji and others led a precession with a mike on three-wheeler near Noorani Majid. They were raising slogans against the muslim community and they were armed with hockey lathi etc. They were protesting in front of a muslim dhabha for allegedly use of beef. These people harassed and manhandled men, women and children & spoilt the communal atmosphere. They informed police and police arrived at spot and took the members of Muslim community to police station. Even the non-veg food prepared in the dhaba was sent for the test. The petitioner further requested for intervention so that a perfect communal harmony in the area prevailed and they could live in peace. They also attached photographs of processesion.

The Commission intervened in the matter and issued a notice to the DCP, Outer District for filing a reply along with supporting documents. Subsequently, when no report was filed by the Police, DCP, Outer District was called to appear before the Commission along with report.

Subsequently, the ACP, Sultan Puri Sub-Division appeared before the Commission and filed a detailed report stating therein that "local residents of the area were having objection over running the Muslim Dhabha at Z-466 without license in tenanted premises and a complaint dated 07/09/2015 was also received at Police Station Aman Vihar. Md Riaz, r/o Prem Nagar-II, Delhi was running the dhaba and could not produce license in respect of running dhaba. Accordingly, a report under section 28/112 DP Act was sent for running an eating house without any valid license.

On 29/11/2015, There was communal tension at the spot and to prevent the communal flare up, dhaba owner was asked to remove the goods from dhaba as he was already prosecuted for running, dhaba without license. The goods/article from the dhaba were taken into police possession to normalize-the situation in: the mixed populated area.



There was communal tension in the area, people gathered at the spot for protesting against the illegal dhaba and police. There was no violence. They were shouting slogans against Delhi Police for not taking legal action against the Dhaba operator. Therefore, keeping in view the sensitivity of the matter and to maintain public peace and tranquility and in order to maintain communal harmony, legal action was taken in public interest impartially without any ulterior motive.

A Copy of the reply received from the police was sent to the petitioner for filling any rejoinder in the matter. After the peace was restored and police assured the protection of minority community, the matter was closed.

7.3 The Commission took suo-moto cognizance on the News paper report that appeared in Rashtriya Sahara dated 11-9-15 regarding the situation in the area of Bhalswa Dairy of North Delhi on the issue of attempts to stop Azan on Tuesday and it was taking communal overtones. There has been an incident during the Azan when 200 anti-social element did create nuisance and obstruction in offering of "Namaz". There was stone pelting in the area which created tension but was controlled by the Police.

On this report, the Commission intervened and issued a notice to the Joint Commissioner of Police, North-Range for report and action taken in the matter. However; even when no report was received, Commission kept a watch on the situation. Later report was received from Police which stated that on 8-9-15 a riot took place in D-1, Block, J.J. Colony in the jurisdiction of PS Bhalaswa Dairy Delhi. There was a temple in the said area for the last 14/15 years and a Musque is also situated at about 200 yards away from it. The bone of contention is that some persons of the Muslim community had objection on "Aarti" in a loud tone being done during the time of "Azan".

On 8-9-15, the members of Bajrang Dal Were worshiping in the temple and a Prayer (Azan) was being recited in Mosque. Some miscreants allegedly started shouting slogans and also pelted stones on the nearby shops of the Muslim community. On this the opposite party also pelted stones on the Temple resulting in 06 members of Hindu community sustained minor injuries. Accordingly, two cross cases vide FIR No.592/15 dated 8-9-15, U/s 147/148/149/427/323/308 IPC and FIR Ne. 593/15 dated 8-9-15, U/s 147/148/149/427 IPC PS Bhalaswa Dairy had been registered. Both the cases are presently under investigation. The programme of Aarti was being performed by a Priest (Pujari) in the said temple, but for the last two months, it was being done by the people of Bajrang Dal as the Pujari has reportedly left the temple for Amar Nath Yatra.



Keeping in view objection of some persons of Muslim Community, a peace committee meeting of both the parties was held in the Police Station Bhalaswa Dairy any it was mutually settled that the programme of Aarti on Tuesday would be completed by 08.15 p.m. but Sh. Akash Gupta and his associates from the Bajrang Dal created nuisance and violated the verbal settlement as a result the riots took place.

In pursuance of appearance notice dated 12-1-16, A.C.P. Jahangirpuri and SHO Bhalaswa Dairy appeared and apprised that situation is under control and there was no untoward incident thereafter. They further explained that they have made several arrangements for peace & harmony and they installed CCTV camera at both the places and a permanent, Police Post have been establish there for proper monitoring. Report dated 5-1-16 of DCP, North-West Distt. had been handed over to the commission and taken on record.

During the meeting, Commission suggested to have a programme with the National Foundation for Communal Harmony in the trouble areas for making the citizens aware about the need and necessity of peaceful co-existence and measures be taken to have such kinds of meetings in that area. They informed that in the month of Sept. 2015, they have carried out some programme for the Communal Harmony and Peace.

Since there is no issue pending and 2 FIRs have been registered and the matter is under investigation, the Commission now feels that Police has taken necessary & immediate action to maintain peace & harmony.

7.4 Minority Commission took a note of News item that appeared in Hamara Samaj on 17-8-2015 followed by a petition filed by Sh. Mohd. Ansar of Bilal Welfare Society, Metro Vihar, Holambi Kalan stating that on the eve of 15th Aug.2015, they arranged the tent and chairs etc. to celebrate Independence Day near Bilal Masjid Eidgah. At about 11.00 p.m. Incharge Police Post came to Eidgah and snatched the mobile phone of Emam Sahab and disrupted the logistic arrangements made for 15th Aug. 2015 stating that the society had no legal permission. On the morning of 15th Aug.2015, 400/500 persons belonging to other groups assembled in the same Eidgah and hoisted the Flag there despite ACP advising them that Flag would be hoisted in the premises of old Chowki, Metro Vihar instead of Eidgah. The people so assembled also shouted communally laced slogans against the minority community, They were thus denied the liberty and right of celebrating Independence Day at Eidgah under pressure of majority community.

Telephonic communication was established with area police. A notice u/s 10 (h) was also issued to DCP, Outer Delhi for detailed report and action taken.



Addl. DCP, Outer District filed a report that on 14/08/2015, information was received by the police that some persons belonging to muslim community are making preparation for hoisting of National Flag in Shishu Vatika, children park adjacent to Bilal Masjid. SI Devender Dahiya reached the spot and found that some muslim were present at the spot and trying to hoist the National Flag in Shishu Vatika Children Park. The Member of Hindu Community namely Kailash, Promod Gupta, etc. were adamant to stop them. Police was deployed at Bilal Masjid to avoid any untoward incident.

On 15/08/2015 at about 7.15 am, some persons from Hindu Community under the Leadership of Kailash reached at Shishu Vatika Children Park and tried to hoist the National Flag on Independence Day. Muslim community objected the same hence the members of both communities gathered at the spot and they were suggested to hoist the National Flag at some other place. The members of both communities refused the suggestion. Later, members of both the Communities were advised to hoist the National Flag together keeping in view of Communal Harmony and the suggestion was accepted after some negotiations. The National Flag was hoisted by the both communities at Shishu Vatika.

The national flag was removed by Kailash and other members in the evening. The members of muslim community started raising voice to remove the Iron Pipe also, but the Hindu Community refused to remove the iron pipe. The iron pipe was removed by the police from the spot to maintain law and order situation. The adequate police force was deployed at the spot to avoid any untoward incident.

The persons involved from both sides on the issue of hoisting of National Flag and mosque are religious bigots. The recurrence of incident could breed tension and acrimony between the members of two communities which could anytime turn into a flash point of communal harmony. However, staff has been deployed round clock to prevent any untoward incident. Preventive action u/s 107/150 Cr. P.C. has been initiated against both parties to maintain law and order in the area. At present, there is no communal tension in the area.

7.5 The Commission took suo-motu cognizance on the newspaper report that appeared in "Inquilab" dated 11/08/2015 regarding the incident of installing of idols outside the place of worship place and in-action by the police leading to disturbance of peaceful atmosphere. It was alleged that idols have been installed along with the wall of the Mosque situated in the furniture market at Najafgarh. This place of worship of minority community is under the Waqf Board and their attempt to dissuade people from installing the idols went unheeded. When the matter was reported to the police, police action/response was lukewarm and they apprehended that majority community will try to disturb communal disharmony to the area. Even prior to this incident, the police removed idols twice from the same place



On the basis of this newspaper, DCP (South West) was contacted on phone to take proper action in the matter. Besides, a notice was also issued to Joint CP, South West-Range for filing the report on action taken thereon.

DCP, South West filed a detailed report including the action taken. The report states that on 08/08/2015. Ms. Shanta wife of Shri Khushi Ram reported to police that the construction work was going on adjacent to Taquia Masjid and labors at the instance of Masjid Committee were trying to demolish the wall. Police officer found gathering of 35-45 Hindus who were objecting to opening of a gate of Taquia Masjid towards road side. Inquiry, further confirmed that Taquia Masjid Committee was plastering the outer surface of the wall and also intending to open a gate towards main road. Masjid Committee on intervention of the Police Stopped the construction. In the meanwhile, the people from the Hindu Community took advantage of it and placed two idols of Shani and Mahabali Hanuman by the side of the wall in the vacant land and gathering of about 200 people started offering prayer there.

ACP, Najafgarh and SHO, Najafgarh also reached the spot and intervened in the matter. They called both communities to the Office to resolve the matter but no amicable solution could be reached. SDM, Najafgarh was also contacted to confirm the status of the land adjacent to the masjid. Preventive action under Cr. PC was also taken against members of both communities. Police effectively prevailed upon prominent 'members of both communities to maintain communal harmony and peace so that there was no law and order situation. Besides police picket was established at the spot to avoid mischievous activities. With the intervention of- the police later both communities settled the matter amicably and under this settlement, the people from the Hindu community removed the idols from that place and set up a "Pio" with the mutual consent of Muslim community. Thus, the matter has been resolved by both communities. As per the report there is a peace and tranquility and there is no communal situation in the area.

7.6 The Commission took suo-motu cognizance newspaper report that appeared in "The Hindu" dated 20/07/2015 regarding assault on three pastors at the behest of RSS workers over offering of prayers. Christian body claimed that the incident was executed in line with deliberate vendetta against their community.

A notice was issued DCP (West District) for a report on action taken in the matter along with supporting documents. After issue of, reminders. Addl. DCP (West) submitted a detailed report.

On 18/07/2015, Police was informed that some persons have been caught who were converting Hindus to Christian. Police officer found that Christians from Kerala were



performing prayer at the house of Shri Adaya Prasad on the first floor of his house in Shiv Ram Park, Nangloi. The local residents gathered at this house and suspected that religion conversion is going on. When Shri Adaya Prasad and Christian Pastors came out of house, they were handed over to the police leveling allegations. Police inquiry revealed that three pastors from Kerara had come to Delhi who were known to Pastor Hari Chand who in turn was known to Shri Adaya Prasad and they came thereto perform the prayer. Shri Adya Prasad informed Police that they were simply offering prayer and there was no conversion of his faith. On being satisfied that there was no incident of religion conversion, both parties i.e. residents and pesters left the police station.

Again in the evening, Christian Father Rajan Gill along with some Christians came to Police Station to inquire about the incident that occurred with the Christian Pastor in the evening. Outside the police station, he was hit on his face by the people standing there whom he could not identify Shri Rajan filed a written complaint about incident and injury on which a case under section 451/323/34 IPA at P.S. Ninal Vihar was registered.

Next day, approximately 100 Christians gathered outside the Police Station and a delegation along with Local MLA held a meeting with the ACP and SHO, Nangloi. A different version of the previous incident was given to the police on behalf of Shri Maya Prasad and Hari Chand on which a case under section 451/323/34 IRC was registered at PS Nihal Vihar. In this FIR, he alleged that some people entered the house by breaking the doors and gave severe beating to him. He was medically examined and three persons name in the FIR were arrested

Police took prompt and right action in the matter. Communal situation was averted & committal peace was maintained. After being satisfied with report of DCP (West), matter was closed.



# CHAPTER - 8 MONITORING OF IMPLEMENTATION OF SCHEMES & POLICY FOR WELFARE

#### 8.1 Multi Sector Development Programme

Delhi Minority Commission is mandated to monitor the implementation of the policies and schemes of the government for the welfare of minority community. MSDP is a centrally sponsored scheme approved by govt. of India in minority concentration districts. The programme aims at improving socio-economic conditions of minorities and providing basic amenities to them for improving quality of life of the people. the projects to be taken up under MSDP are related to provision of better infrastructure for Education, Skilled development, Health. Sanitation, roads etc. besides schemes for creating income generating opportunities

In Delhi, North-East Distt. has been identified as minority concentration Distt. During the year 2011-12 Scheme "Construction of Dispensary Building at Buland Masjid, Shastri Park" was approved for implementation.

In the year 2012-13 following scheme was formulated under MSDP for implementation in North-East Distt.

- Construction of Women Wing in ITI Nand Nagri.
- Machinery Tools & Equipments in ITI Nand Nagri.
- Procurement of 4 MMUs by Health Services.





According to mandate, Delhi Minority Commission monitored the scheme of "construction and starting of Women Wing of ITI Nand Nagri". Series of meetings were held with Dy.



Commissioner (North-East Distt.), Director, Training and Technical Education, Director (DHS) & PWD etc. Finally Women Wing ITI Nand Nagri was inaugurated by Hon'ble Chief Minister on 9th October, 2015.

At present, project under MSDP viz "construction of Dispensary at Buland Masjid, Shastri Park" is being monitored. Periodical meetings have been hel with PWD & DHS. To review the progress of construction and also creation of infrastructure, logestic for running the dispensary.

#### 8.2 SC/ST/OBC/Minority Financial Development Corporation (Loan Facilities)

The Delhi SC/ST/OBC/Minorities & Handicapped financial & Development Corporation Ltd (A Govt. of NCT of Delhi undertaking) runs various loan schemes for member of minority community. Some popular schemes are composite loan schemes, Swarojgar Yojna, Vacational Training, Transport Loan Scheme, Education Loan Schemes. The Commission held regular interaction with official of the undertaking and further submitted a special report and recommended that the undertaking to conduct special awareness programmes, maintain a liberal attitude in accepting the security, to increase the prescribed limit for making an application, A definite time limit to be incorporated for sanction/rejection & disbursement etc. Due to the efforts of the commission a sharp increase in no of loan application was registered in composite loan schemes for any 2 application in 2014-15 to 24 applications in 2015-16.

#### **Details for different Schemes are as:**

#### 1. Composite Loan Schemes

Year	Forms Received	Sanctioned	Rejection	Under
	During the year	during the year	during the year	Process
2015-16	19	9	1	9

#### 2. <u>Dilli Swarojgar Yojna</u>

Year	Forms Received	Sanctioned	Rejection	Under
	During the year	during the year	during the year	Process
2015-16	7	-	4	3

#### 3. Big Loan Schemes

Year	Forms Received	Sanctioned	Rejection	Under
	During the year	during the year	during the year	Process
2015-16	-	-	-	-

### 4. Education Loan Scheme

Year	Forms Received	Sanctioned	Rejection	Under
	During the year	during the year	during the year	Process
2015-16	-	-	-	-

### 5. <u>Vocation Training</u>

Year	Application	Applicant	Candidates	Candidates	Candidates
	Received	Appeared for	Selected	Passed/	not attended
		Interview		Completed	Training
				Training	Programme
2015-16	265	160	147	70	19

### 6. Transport Loan Schemes

Year	Forms Received	Sanctioned	Rejection	Under
	During the year	during the year	during the year	Process
2015-16	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>Scheme launched during the current financial year only i.e. 2016-17. The Corporation has received 80 applications under E-Rickshaw Scheme under all categories. Out of 80 applications, 29 applications pertain to Minority category.



#### 8.3 Educational Scholarships

The Department for the Welfare of SC/ST/ OBC /Min. Govt of Delhi is nodal deptt. for implementation of Educational Scholarship Schemes both for Govt. of India Schemes and Govt. of NCT of Delhi for welfare of minorities.

The Delhi Minorities Commission held series of meeting with the Dept. for Smooth implementation of schemes and timely disbursements of Scholarship to eligible applicants. petiton/grivences/complaints of non-receipt of Scholarships from the parents were taken up with the Dept.

Following Statement regarding receipt and disbursement of scholarship to students belonging to minority category was submitted by the Dept. for the Welfare of SC/ST/OBC/Min. Govt. of Delhi:-

SI No.	Scheme Name	neme Name 2013-14					2014-15				2015-16			
		No. of Application received	No. of Beneficiaries	No. of Pending	No. of Reject	No. of Application received	No. of Beneficiaries	No. of Pending	No. of Reject	No. of Application received	No. of Beneficiaries	No. of Pending	No. of Reject	
1.	Reimbursement Tuition fees in rec. Pvt. School	8105	5583	Nil	2522	9407	7387	1180	840	10899	4978	4630	1291	
2.	Merit Scholarship College	1626	1351	Nil	275	1592	1250	192	150	1872	1215	582	75	
3.	Scholarship/Merit Scholarship (Class I to XII)	3995 received at DSCST	241108 is the total no. of beneficiaries (NDMC, KV, MCD, DCB and education & DSCST) out of which 3347 are benefitted through DSCST	Nil	648	8218 received at DSCST	7014	928	276	4103	2401	1401	301	
	Free supply of Stationery (Class I to XII)	6885 received at DSCST	248572 is the total no. of beneficiaries (NDMC, KV, MCD, DCB and education & DSCST) out of which 4682 are benefitted through DSCST	Nil	22303	8659 received at DSCST	8191	423	45	11569	5481	4801	1257	
	Pre Matric Scholarship for Minority (Online)	35822	35822	Nil	Nil	9229	9229	Nil	Nil					
	Post Matric for Minority (Online)	680	680	Nil	Nil	577	577	Nil	Nil					
	Merit-cum-Means for Minority (Online)	613	613	Nil	Nil	735	735	Nil	Nil					

On examination of the chart, the Commission has directed the welfare Dept. to conduct a study for the high rejection rate and to disburse/finalize the application in a time bound manner, as application for previous year also pending.

- Dept should undertake awareness programme to educate the applicants about proper filling up of information in the form
- Seprate cell should be created for handling application belonging to Minority Communities.



### 8.4 Scholarship at a Glance:-

For the benefit of minority community following brochure was printed and distribute freely. It contains the details of all schemes of scholarships, fee reimbursement, merit scholarships.





### 8.5 Urdu-Punjabi Teacher's Appointment

The Commission was apprised of the shortage of Urdu & Punjabi teacher in Govt. Schools. The Commission held various interaction with the education department, Govt. of Delhi and with Delhi Subordinates Selection Board, Govt. of Delhi for filling up the vacant posts. Due to intervention of the commission results for Urdu Teachers were declared by DSSSB and also vacant posts were got filled by education department either on contract basis or regular basis.

### 8.6 Issue of Graveyard

- (i) The Commission was sized of the matter of issue of Graveyard in Inderlok area. Inderlok area has a sizable population of Muslim minority community, but no corresponding Graveyard is available in nearby areas.
  - The Commission took up the matter with land and urban development Deptt. Delhi urban shelter improvement board informed that land use change by DDA has been done on a piece of land earmarked for Graveyard. The issue was then taken up with Urban Development Deptt., Govt. of NCT of Delhi. They have informed the Commission that the matter granted allotment of land for Graveyard is with the Cabinet, Govt. of Delhi.
- (ii) Kalam welfare society looks after the graveyard in Punarwas Basti in Madanpur Khadar. The land of this burial ground measuring 5700 sq. meters was handed over to MCD and in turn it was handed over to kalam welfare society for management. There was a dispute regarding the ownership of some portion of land allotted resulting in non-completion of boundary wall of the graveyard.
  - The Commission intervened in the matter and called for report from Commissioner (Land) DDA and Commissioner, SDMC. After series of meeting with SDMC they informed the Commission that 80% of the work has been completed of the boundary wall and due to shortage of funds, the work could not be completed. Now additional funds have been demanded. The work is likely to start shortly.
- (iii) The Commission took sub-moto cognizance on the news items that appeared in Rozana Khabrein dated 3-4-15 regarding encroachment on land of muslims particularly grave-yard etc. in the area of mandoli colony, P.S. Harsh Vihar, North-East Distt. As per record, there is a grave-yard in the mandoli area of which substantial land has been grabbed. Some part of land has been allotted by the DDA to Temples, Govt. Schools etc. When local people took action to preserve the graves, police suo-moto registered the case against them and harassed the members of the community. They have also filled the civil suit in the high court for the preservation of the land.



As per the police report, there is a dispute since long between hindus & muslims on the land khera kabristan. As per revenue record/SDM report this land belong to land & building department Govt. of NCT of Delhi. There have been attempts by the people the encroach upon the vacant land which is objected and resisted by the muslims. The muslims of the mandoli states that this land belongs to old qabristan where old graves still exists. There have been criminal cases registered by police against local muslims and also hindus on encroachment.

A delegation led by Sh. Shabir Ahmed met the Commission and alleged the latest encroachment on Qabristan land by the temple people with the active support of the SHO harsh vihar. They also filed the photographs. Since the matter is pending before the Hon'ble high court, it was emphasised upon the police officers to meet the petitioner to hear their grievance regarding latest encroachment and police was advised to ensure that no fresh encroachment take place which may lead to communal strife or victimization of minorities.

### 8.7 Establishment of I.T.I. in Okhla Area

The issue of setting up an ITI in okhla area has been consideration of deptt. of training & technical education of Delhi govt. Therefore, deptt. of TTE took up the matter for allotment of piece of land measuring 3.5 acres near okhla. Since okhla/jamia nagar area is inhabited by the persons from minority community, delhi minority commission has been pursuing the matter with DDA, meeting were also held with vice-chairman, DDA to discuss the issue pertaining to minority including the allotment of land for it is in okhla area.

After hectic efforts with the officials of DDA, the A.D. (Plg.) informed that the land infornt of pocket-10/11 of jasola has not been acquired by the DDA and it belonged to Delhi Jal Board. Delhi Minority Commission continued its efforts with DDA for identification and allotment of land in okhla area. Commission invited DTTE & DDA to sort the issue and DTTE during the meeting with the officials of DDA scaled down the requirements and stated that one acre of land would suffice for starting the ITIs. Dy. Director, Institutional land in consultation with planning deptt. promised to search for piece of land. The DTTE further modified the plan and took up the matter with Commissioner (Plg.), DDA regarding opening of extension centers of existing ITIs. This will further scale down the requirement of land from 1 acre to 500-2000 sq. meters. Matter is under active consideration of DDA.

Delhi Minority Commission is committed to monitor the progress and pursue the matter with DDA and DTTE for identification and allotment of land for starting of full fledged ITIs or



alternatively extension centers of ITIs in south-east delhi for technical education and skill development of minorities residing in okhla/jamia nagar area.

#### 8.8 Constitution Of District Level and State Level Committees

The Prime Minister 15 point programs has various schemes for the welfare and development of Minorities. For effective Implementation and these programme & also for approval of schemes under MsDP, it is mandatory for constitution of "State level and District Level Committees" for monitoring and approval of new Schemes/Projects. The Delhi Minorities Commission took up the matter of constitution of these committees with the Divisional Commissioner (Revenue), being the Nodal Department and also Govt. in Delhi. In order to ensure proper utilization of Funds under MsDP and overall development of minority concentrated/Identified District in NCT of Delhi. These community are very important.

After sustained efforts, The District Level and State Level Committees were reconstituted and notified in the month of July 2106 and new projects under MsDP were approved by the District Level Committee.



## CHAPTER - 9 INITIATIVE BY DMC FOR FINANCIAL INCLUSION

The Government of India and the state Government formulated various policies on the basis of PM's 15 Point Programme for the Welfare of Minorities. One of the prominent part of PM's 15 Point Programme has addressed the necessity of financial inclusion for Minorities.

Delhi Minorities Commission took up a special initiative to assess the present status of implementation of various policies of financial inclusion of the government which is mandated by the Statute under Section 10 (B) of the Act "Monitor the implementation of the Policies and Schemes of the Government for the Welfare of Minority Communities".

Delhi Minorities Commission found the following system already in-existence for carrying out financial inclusion for the minorities under various Schemes and Policies

### 9.1. <u>Delhi SC/ST/OBC/Minorities & Handicapped Financial & Development Corporation:</u>

The said corporation is giving assistance for addressing the needs and requirements of minorities in the State of Delhi having its Headquarters at Ambedkar Bhawan, Institutional Area, Sector-16, ROHINI, New Delhi-89. The said Institutions offers funds under the following schemes for the minorities:-

- a. Delhi Swarojgar Yojna Scheme for projects upto 5 lacs
- b. Composite loan scheme for projects Costing unto 1 lac
- c. Big loan scheme for self-employment for projects costing up to 5 lacs.
- d. Transport loan scheme self-employment upto 5 lacs and
- e. Educational Loan scheme for the maximum down limit for study in India is Rs.7.50 lacs and for abroad Rs. 15 lacs.

After the intervention and series of meetings with the corporation by DMC, several members of the Minority Community were benefited from the said scheme as part of the financial inclusion of the Delhi State.

### 9.2 State Level Banking Committee:

As part of the financial inclusion policy of the GOI, RBI issued a circular dated 1st July, 2014 - commonly known as masters Circular-Credit. Facilities to Minority Communities.



On the basis of the Said Circular, DMC made necessary communications with the concerned i.e. SLBC and SLBC has included DMC as also a Member in the State Level Banking Committee. DMC represented in the meetings of the SLBC from time to time and convinced the Banking authorities for making all possible efforts to achieve she target of 15 percent of the total fund allocation in the Priority Sector and Non-Priority Sector to the welfare of minority communities as part of the financial inclusion policy. Because of the efforts of the DMC, a substantial increase of the fund allocation to the Members of Minority Communities happened through the Member Banks of the SLBC.

On the Intervention of the Commission, SLBC has appointed nodal officers in each bank to attend to minorities. The list of nodal officers are available on website of the Commission.

### 82nd State level Bankers' Committee Meeting for NCT of Delhi for the Quarter ended December 2015

### **Advances to Minority Communities**

A statement showing advances made to Minority Communities is given. The summarized comparative position is as under:-

(Rs. in Crore)

Dec	March	Dec.,	Variation		Dec., Variation		% Gr	owth
2014	2015	2015	Over the Year	Over March 2015	Over the Year	Over March 2015		
7423	7993	8876	1453	883	19.57	11.05		

Advances to 'Minority Communities' have increased by Rs.1453 Cr. on YoY basis and by Rs.883 Cr. during the 9 month ended 31.12.2015 which comes to 19.57% and 11.05% respectively.

(Rs. in Crore)

Priority Sector Advances			Advances to Minority Communities			%age to Priority Sector Sector Advances		
Dec.,	March	Dec.,	Dec.,	March	Dec.,	Dec.,	March	Dec.,
2014	2015	2015	2014	2015	2015	2014	2015	2015
91545	101420	122474	7423	7993	8876	8.11	7.88	7.25

Percentage of Advances to Minority Community to Priority Sector Advances increased from 8.11% to 8.25% on YoY basis where as on 9 month basis ended as on 31.12.2015 it is decreased from 7.88% to 7.25% over March 2015



### 9.3. Delhi Khadi Village Industries Board

DKVIB is a nodal agency for the disbursement of funds to the Members of the Minority Communities under the PM's Yojgar Rojna Schemes. Due to the intervention Wand initiatives taken by the DMC, the DKVIB fixed a target for the disbursement of financial support under the said scheme to the members of the communities. A good number of Members of the Minority Communities of State of Delhi were benefited under the said Scheme.

Through these initiatives and interventions by the DMC, the policies arid schemes declared by the State and Central Government got implemented, upto the satisfaction of minority communities.

Some details/records of Ministries under PMEGP from 1/4/15 to 31/3/16 are as under:-

Beneficiary	Project Cost	Margin Money	Employment
Bank of Baroda			
3	985,000	177,750	10
Canara Bank			
1	400,000	100,000	4
<b>Corporation Bank</b>			
1	300,000	75,000	3
Jammu & Kashmir Bank			
1	270,000	30,000	3
Punjab National Bank			
6	1,011,825	196,601	12
Union Bank of India			
2	2,300,010	575,000	24
Grand Total	5,716,835	1,266,851	60



## CHAPTER - 10 REPRESENTATION OF MINORITIES IN GOVT. SERVICES

As per Section 10(f) of DMC Act 1999 & Rules 2000 the Commission can "Assess the representation of Minority Communities in the services of the Government, semi-Government bodies and Govt. Undertakings, Municipal Corporation of Delhi, Delhi Deployment Authority, New Delhi Municipal Council, other local authorities and in case of inadequate representation, to recommend remedial measures".

In this endeavor the Commission wrote to all depts and information received from some departments/local bodies is tabulated below:-

SL No.	Name of the	Posts Sanctioned	No. of Employees	Minority	
	Departments	(Total)	Present	Community	
				Total	
1.	SC/ST/OBC	82	65	1	
2.	Traning (UTCS)	61	48	3	
3.	Food Safety	189	92	5	
4.	Delhi Tourism &	1004	741	32	
	Transportation				
5.	Public Grievances	35	-	4	
6.	Dictt. of Audit	11	-	0	
7.	Dictt. of General	110	-	6	
	of Home Guards				
8.	Delhi Police	84536	77397	2993	
9.	Delhi Fire Service	1843	-	21	
10.	DDA	12767	6031	295	
11.	DMRC	-	8524	282	

The Commission is collecting information from other Dept/Autonomus bodies & shall thereafter examine for possible action.

According to DoPT guidelines:-

i) The Composition of selection committee should be representative. It should be mandatory to have one member belonging to SC/ST and one member belonging to minority community

in selection boards/committee for making recruitment to 10 or more vacancies.

- ii) Where the number of vacancies against which selection is to be made is less than 10, efforts should be made to have the scheduled caste/tribes officer and a minority community officer included in such committees/boards.
- iii) Where publicity should be given to all appointment in government, public sector enterprises and public section banks and financial institutions. Advertisement should be issued in the language(s) spoken by large number of people of the state/UTs, apart from english and hindi. Further, for ground c&d level posts, having only basis qualifying requirements, information about vacancies for recruitment should also be disseminated through schools and colleges in that area, in addition to normal channels.
- iv) Where there is concentration of minority community population in local areas, the vacancy circular in local language may be distributed in those areas by suitable arrangements.



### CHAPTER - 11 VISITS & AWARENESS PROGRAMMES BY THE COMMISSION

Delhi Minorities Commission organised awareness camps with the help of NGOs at many places in Delhi. The Chairman, Shri Qamar Ahmad and Members, Shri Abraham Pattiyani & Shri H.S. Sarna besides others, addressed the gathering and informed the audience about the power and mandates of the Delhi Minorities Commission. Addressing the audience, Chairman & Members, DMC informed that one of the important mandate of the Commission is to hear the complaints and petitions regarding the deprivation of rights and interests of minority communities and to take up such matters with the appropriate authorities for necessary action. Further the Commission has also the powers of civil court while hearing such peititons/complaints. They further briefed about Educational scholarship and financial assistance schemes of the Govt. of India and Delhi Govt. They addressed the gathering in detail as to how to avail the scholarships and what are the requirements/documents to be fulfilled while applying for scholarship under these schemes. They further briefed about the loan schemes of the Govt available for pursuing higher education and also the loan facility available from the Delhi SC/ST/OBC./Min. Financial and Development Corporation. While delivering talk, the Chairman and Members laid great emphasis on the importance of education and urged upon all the people to pursue the studies of their children to the high level. They also advised that both girls and boys should be given equal opportunity in the field of education. The Commission also apprised the people about the skill development for all those who have dropped the studies or could not pursue it further.

The audience were also apprised about the scheme of the Govt. of India regarding Multi Sectoral Development Programme. Under this programme, in North-East District of Delhi, lot of work has been done in augmenting infrastructure in schools and construction of an ITI for backward and minority girls etc.

The efforts of the NGOs were appreciated by all.







**11.1** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 16.05.2015 by Y.W.C.A. at F.2, Community Centre Shani Bazar, Sunder Nagri, Delhi.







**11.2** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 23.05.2015 at Gurudwara Tilak Nagar.







**11.3** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 27.08.2015 by Sofia Educational & Welfare Society at North Ghonda, North East District, Delhi.







**11.4** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 16.10.2015 by Y.W.C.A. at Barat Ghar Y Block, Near Jama Masjid Park, Mangolpuri, New Delhi .







**11.5** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 29.10.2015 by Janmanas Society at Madheshia Dharamshala, P Block, Sultanpuri, Delhi







**11.6** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 27.11.2015 by Asian Centre for Organization Research and Development Society at Plot No.37/29/1, Nambardaar Market, Agar Nagar, Mubarakpur, Nangloi, Delhi







**11.7** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 07.12.2015 by Chetanalaya at Ram Darbar Vatika, C-Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi







11.8 The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 29.01.2016 by Kerala Development Society at St. Mary's School, Mayur Vihar, Phase-III, Delhi.
Also attended by Area MLA







**11.9** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 01.02.2016 by Samaj Vikas Samiti at New Delhi. Also attended by Area DCP.







**11.10** The Delhi Minorities Commission organized an awareness programme on 29.03.2016 by Mahila Pragati Ki Ore at Gurudwara Singh Sabha, Block-12, Tilak Nagar, New Delhi.

Apart from above programmes, commission also attended other awareness discussion camps organized by various RWA's & Other NGO's.

### 1. 11.04.15

Educational Awareness Programme organized by Mehruddin Panwar at Masjid Bilal, Kirari, Salman Nagar, Delhi.

### 2 15.06.15.

Awareness Programme by Mrk Shakeel Ahmed Dilshad Colony, Community Hall, Near Mrignaini Chowk.

### 3. 29.07.15

Awareness programme by Shama Educational Society at Kabir Nagar.

### 4. 31.07.15

Awareness programme by Noor-E-Ilahi Sar Samaj Imam Bara, Gali No.5, Noor-E-Ilaahi, Delhi.

### 5. 07.08.15

Awareness camp on Scholarship for Minorities My Child School, Gali No.1, Tulsi Nagar, Near Inderlok, Delhi.

#### 6. 22.08.15

Awareness programme at Masjid Chowk, EDMC Primary Pratibha School, Vishwakarma Nagar, Jhilmil, Vivek Vihar-II, Delhi.



### **CHAPTER - 12 INITIATIVE BY THE COMMISSION**

**12.1** In order to ascertain the civic facilities available in the areas in habilitated by Minority Communities, the Commission proposed to conduct an in-house preliminary study of the following areas:

1. North Distt. - Inderlok

2. South Distt. - Aaya Nagar

3. North-East Distt. - Jafrabad, Chauhan Bangar, Brahmapuri, Seelampur &

Shahstri Park

The study was preliminary to find availability and requirement of the following facilities in the these areas;

- Education
- Health
- Water
- Sewage
- Graveyards
- **12.2** For this purpose, Commission addressed to the Department of Govt. of NCT of Delhi and 3 Municipal corporation to furnish the following information.

### **Education:**

- I. No. of MCD Schools with location and no. of students in each school.
- II. Is the no. of schools adequate considering the population of each area.
- III. Is there any proposal to open new MCD School.

### Health:

- I. No. of Hospitals/Dispensary/PHC/Maternity Homes with location and medical facilities available therein.
- II.Is the no. of Hospitals/Dispensary/PHC/Maternity Homes adequate considering the population of each area and according to criteria in this regard.

#### Water:

I. Do all theses areas have regular supply of water with adequate pressure.

### Sewage:

- $I. \ \ Do \ all \ these \ areas \ have \ sewage \ system \ laid \ and \ since \ when$
- II. If not, what is the plan to provide sewage system.

### **Graveyard:**

- I. Does there exist or available graveyard for burial of dead bodies from these areas. If yes, its location.
  - Reports & information have been received & discussion are going on with the concerned departments.



## CHAPTER - 13 WELFARE ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The Commission constituted advisory committee for each minority Community i.e. separately for Muslims, Sikhs, Christians, Jains, Buddhists and Parsis. Regular meeting were held on promoting communal harmony and also other difficulties faced by the communities. There was fair representatives from various walks of fields/ professions/ associations of each community. They kept Commission apprised of issues affecting communities.



**Jain Advisory Committee Meeting** 



**Sikh Advisory Committee Meeting** 



**Christian Advisory Committee Meeting** 



**Muslim Advisory Committee Meeting** 



**Buddhist Advisory Committee Meeting** 



### **CHAPTER - 14**

### 14.1 Delhi Minorities Commission Peace Committee

In its endeavor to maintain communal harmony during sensitive events the Commission decided to constitute a Peace Committee consisting of representatives from all six notified minority communities. Accordingly the Peace committee was constituted and the first meeting was held on 19.06.2015 at DMC Conference hall. The peace committee member have also been issued Identity for smooth coordination with Police authorities.

### 14.2 Participation in the Festival "Phool Walon ki Sair"

Delhi Minorities Commission's Peace Committee meetings held on 19.06.2015 at Delhi Minorities Commission's Conference hall deliberated and discussed on various issues for creating a better peaceful harmonious situation in the NCT of Delhi State.

During the discussion, the Peace committee suggested this Commission to recommend to the Government a wide spread celebration for the unique event "Phool Walon Ki Sair" in Delhi for sensitizing the theme of communal harmony with more participation.





## CHAPTER - 15 SEMINARS

### 15.1 United Nations Minorities Rights Day Celebration

United Nations Minorities Rights's Day is an important international event observed all over the World on 18th December every year. The day reminds us of rights of minorities. Nations have different ethnic, linguistic and religious minorities. To safeguard their

rights & interests, United Nations in 1992 adopted the following declaration:

"States shall protect the existence of the National or Ethnic, Cultural, Religious and Linguistic identity of minorities within their respective territories and encourage conditions for the promotion of that identity."



In Delhi, in the year 1999, Delhi Minorities Commission, a statutory body was created to protect the rights & interests of minorities. On the occasion, Delhi Minorities Commission organized a Seminar on topic "Inter-Faith & Communal Harmony", in New

Delhi to highlight the role of governance in achieving this great objective. Hon'ble Minister Shri Sandeep Kumar graced the occasion as Chief Guest. Shri K.K. Sharma, Chief Secretary, Delhi was Guest of Honour.

Shri Qamar Ahmad, Chairman, Shri H.S. Sarna & Shri Abraham M.Pattiyani, Members of DMC, Shri K K Jindal, Secretary, DMC and



other dignitaries were present on this occasion. Speakers on this occasion were from different fields & background like Dr. Kavita Sharma, Sh. Arif Mohammad Khan (Ex. MP), Dr. M.D. Thomas, Acharya Pramod Krishna, Dr. Veer Sagar Jain & Dr. Prof. Gurdarshan Singh Dhillon



### CHAPTER - 16 NCM & OTHER STATE COMMISSION MEETINGS

# <u>Presentation by Delhi Minorities Commission, Government of Delhi State at the Annual Conference of State Minorities Commission organized by National Commission for Minorities</u>

**Topic:- Functions of State Minorities Commissions 'Problems and Challenges'** 

### **Delhi Minorities Commission**

#### Introduction

- ◆ Delhi Minorities Commission came into existence on 8th February, 2000 by way of an Act 'Delhi Minorities Commission's Act-1999'.
- The present Commission is its 5th Commission with the strength of 03 Members such as
  - a. Shri Qamar Ahmad, Chairman
  - b. Shri Abraham M. Pattiyani, Member
  - c. Shri Harvinder Singh Sarna, Member
- The administrative functions of the Delhi Minorities Commission are carried out by the administrative wing headed by the Secretary, Shri K.K. Jindal, IAS.
- ◆ The staff strength sanctioned posts for the Commission are 16 with Group A, B, and C Services.
- ◆ As per the 2011 Census Delhi State is having 19% plus total population are comes under the Religious Minorities. The peculiar position in Delhi is that the visibility of all the Minority Religious Communities are here and therefore Delhi Minorities Commission is duty bound to address the needs and requirements of each Community individually and collectively.
- ◆ Delhi Minorities Commission is burdened with various programmes, initiatives, complaints/representations-redressal, initiatives for communal harmony and peace etc.
- Delhi state is having various Minorities' concentrated blocks and one Minority District (North-East Distt.) for the purposes of addressing the need and requirement as per the Prime Minister's 15 Point Programme.



- ◆ The present Government headed by Hon'ble Chief Minister, Shri Arvind Kejriwal now transferred the business related to Welfare of Minorities to the Revenue Department form the Department for the Welfare of SC/ST/OBC/Minorities. Delhi state is having a Financial Development Corporation for the Welfare of SC/ST/OBC/Minority/Handicapped.
- Delhi Minorities Commission is having a Library and Research Wing. The highlights of the Delhi Minorities Commission is mentioned here below:
  - a. Monitoring the target/ achievement and disbursement of Educational Scholarships for the Minority Students.
  - b. Coordinating with various Departments for the implementation of Welfare Schemes assigned to the Minority Communities in the area of health, skill development, financial inclusion etc.
  - c. The strong mechanism for the redressal of complaints/representation etc.
  - d. Seminars, visits for Peace and Communal Harmony initiatives by the Commission
  - e. Delhi Minorities Commission periodical website updation (www.delhigovt.nic.in) and Awareness programmes all over Delhi for disseminating the information's to the Members of the Minority Communities are carried out on regular basis.
  - f. Constituted Peace Committee and Religious wise Advisory Committees for the Welfare of Minorities for better information, guidance, suggestions etc.
  - g. Annual Reports, Special Reports, Recommendations on the basis of research and studies to the Government and Authorities Concerned is going on regular basis.

### **Problems and Challenges**

- $1. \quad Modernization of the administrative function of the Commission is required.$
- 2. For the better function of the Delhi Minorities Commission more logistic support is needed.
- 3. It is a high time to have a separate Department/ Directorate/ Ministry for the Minority Affairs exclusively in the state of Delhi.
- 4. Sensitization about the Minority Welfare Programmes is needed to be carried out in various Departments of the state of Delhi for speedy and effective implementation.



- 5. Status, dignity, integrity and honor of the Delhi Minorities Commission are needed to be get prioritized.
- 6. Due to the peculiar situation Delhi Minorities Commission requires more staff, facilities and space for reaching out near about 20% of the Minority population in Delhi.

### **Suggestions**

- 1. More meetings, seminars, programmes by the National Commission for Minorities is needed for proper interaction and understanding the activities of various State Commissions.
- 2. Regional/ state wise Training programmes for the Officers of the state Commissions by the MOMA, Union of India and NCM will make state Commissions more interactive and more efficient.
- 3. A practice of sending copies of information, notifications, orders and various programmes of the Government and respective Ministries/ Departments pertaining to the Minorities Welfare to the state Commissions also will enable the respective state Commissions to take up initiatives at the earliest.

### Conclusion

Delhi Minorities Commission extends its sincere greetings and best wishes to all the delegates attending this Seminar from various states for and on behalf of the Commission and the Government of NCT of Delhi and also we are extending our sincere thanks to the National Commission for Minorities for conducting this Annual Conference of State Minorities Commission for the better understanding of the facts and situations all over India.

Jai Bharat!!

Presented by

(Abraham M. Pattiyani)

Member, Delhi Minorities Commission



# CHAPTER - 17 DELHI MINORITIES REPORTS/RECOMMEDATION

As per Section 10(3) of DMC Act 1999 & Rules 2000 the Commission may submit to the Govt. special report on any matter & public importance pertaining to the infront of the minority community. During the year following major report/findings are reported below:

- 1) SC/ST/OBC/MINORITIES Financial Development
- 2) Peace Committee (Phool Walon Ki Sair)
- 3) Police Case (1)
- 4) Police Case (2)

# DELHI MINORITIES COMMISSION GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF DELHI C-BLOCK, 1ST FLOOR, I.P. ESTATE VIKAS BHAWAN, NEW DELHI-110002

Reg. F.No. 4(424) DMC/Admn./2015

Dated:07/09/2015

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Delhi Minorities Commission has been created by an Act of the Legislative Assembly of Delhi to safeguard the rights and interests of Minority Communities in the National Capital Territory of Delhi on matters connected with or incidental thereto.

AND

 $Commission \ is \ mandated \ under \ Section \ 10(g) \ - \ Make \ recommendations \ for \ ensuring, \ maintaining \ and \ promoting \ communal \ harmony \ in \ Delhi.$ 

Delhi Minorities Commission constituted a peace Committee for getting suggestions/recommendations/ advices - from the representatives of all the religious communities in Delhi for the matters connected with peace, harmony, co-existence, cultural integration etc. for taking necessary action /steps to inform the appropriate authorities from time to time.

Delhi Minorities Commission Peace Committee meeting held on 19.06.2015 at Delhi Minorities Commission Conference Hall deliberated and discussed on various issues for creating a better peaceful harmonious situation in the NCT of Delhi state.

During the discussion, deliberation, the Peace Committee suggested this Commission to 'Recommend to the Government a wide spread celebration for the unique event "Phool waloh ki Sair" in Delhi for sensitizing the theme of communal harmony with more participation'

Commission decided to accept the said suggestion for sending the recommendation to the Hon'ble chief Minister of

Delhi for necessary action. Hence, the Commission Recommends the following:

- 1. Flower procession from all parts of Delhi with the assistance of Horticulture Department of NGT of Delhi for the wide spread message for the communal harmony with much publicity.
- 2. Organize interfaith cultural and musical events throughout Delhi through the Department of Culture and Art, NCT of Delhi with much publicity allover Delhi for making the citizen to come and participate.
- 3. Constitute a permanent committee for making this event a grand success in all the years to come, since it is an unique event started in the 19th" Century in Delhi and since then this festival, observed as a symbol of communal harmony and mixed culture in Delhi.

With this observation, Delhi Minorities Commission is submitting, this recommendation for your necessary consideration.

Sd/-(Qamar Ahmed) Chairman Sd/-(Abraham M Pattiyani) Member

Authenticated by Secretary, DMC



# CHAPTER - 18 FACILITIES AVAILABLE IN THE COMMISSION

### a) Library

Delhi Minorities Commission has a Library having a stock of 1700 books. The inventory is being computerized & Library is being upgraded.

### b) Information Dissemination System

a) Website: http://dmc.delhigovt.nic.in

b) Email: dmc\_nct@rediffmail.com

c) Public Information Officer: 011-23370823

### c) Media Activity

A media cell has been created in the Commission. This cell scrutinized daily Newspapers of English, Hindi & Urdu to take cuttings and analyze news relating to minorities. Such news warranting action on part of the Commission are taken cognizance of.

Press note covering all important events & programmes organized by the Commission or on its behalf are issued to media for wide coverage.



### **Delhi Minorities Commission**

(Government of NCT Delhi)

C Block, First Floor, Vikas Bhawan, I.P. Estate, New Delhi-110002 Website : http://dmc.delhigovt.nic.in

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